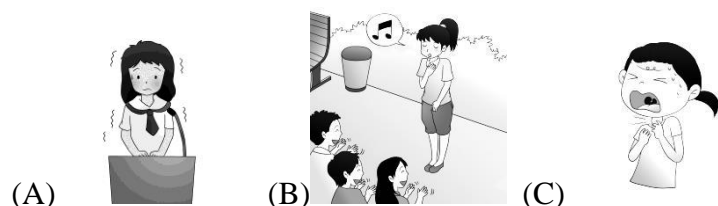


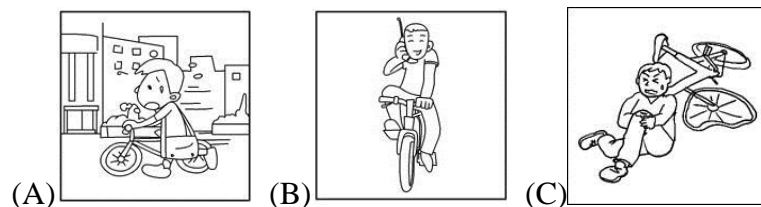
聽力測驗：30% (每題 2 分)

一、辨識句意：每題均有三張圖片，請依據所聽到的句子，選出符合描述的圖片

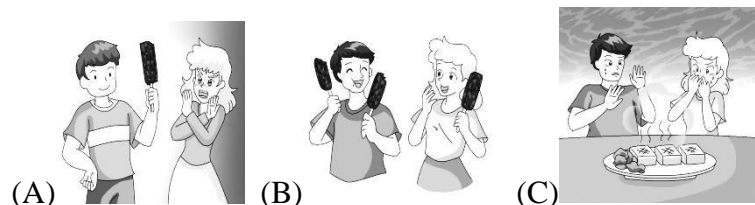
1. _____



2. _____



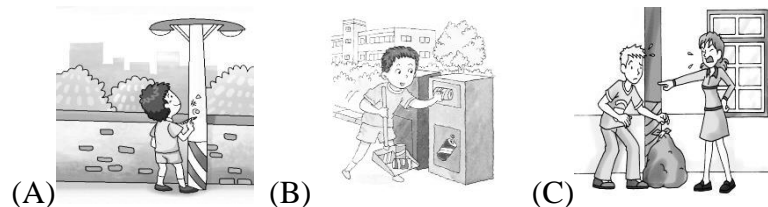
3. _____



4. _____



5. _____



二、基本問答：每題均有三個選項，請依據所聽到的內容，選出一個最適合的回應

6. _____

- (A) No, he said he would recover from that soon.
- (B) No, he hadn't. He might be on the victim list now.
- (C) No, he hadn't left any messages for us before that.

7. _____

- (A) What problem did he cause?
- (B) Oh, I hope he will recover soon.
- (C) I didn't know he was the food raiser.

8. _____

- (A) So will they. Have fun.
- (B) It's OK. I'll keep the secret.
- (C) Sure. I'll keep an eye on them.

9. _____

- (A) Don't be. It's not my business after all.

(B) You'd better take action before it's too late.

(C) You don't need to. I didn't do it for rewards.

10. _____

- (A) Have you ever practiced the new idea?
- (B) But it's too expensive. Can I see another?
- (C) It's too small. He won't be able to put it on.

三、言談理解：每題均有三個選項，請依據所聽到的對話與問題，選出一個最適當的答案

11. _____

- (A) She works as a food raiser.
- (B) She makes a living by creating apps.
- (C) She's good at inventing communication machines.

12. _____

- (A) She almost swam through a lake.
- (B) The woman didn't save Emily when her boat turned over.
- (C) Her life was once in danger because of water.

13. _____

- (A) The woman hurt the man's hand.
- (B) The man didn't feel better with the woman's help.
- (C) The woman was a doctor before.

14. _____

- (A) She doesn't want Bill to become homeless.
- (B) She is inviting Bill to help the homeless with her.
- (C) She will give Bill a reward if he goes to the temple with her.

15. _____

- (A) She plans to change the village for the better.
- (B) She plans to open a bookstore in a small village.
- (C) She plans to find a village that can make money easily.

紙筆測驗

一、字彙與語法選擇：10% (每題 1 分)

16. Mom and Dad ____ each other for ten years before they got married.

- (A) had known (B) knew (C) were knowing (D) has known

17. ____ you don't give up, you'll get good grades.

- (A) As long as (B) As soon as (C) so far (D) as well as

18. Ken's never gone mountain climbing, and ____.

- (A) so has she (B) neither has she
- (C) so is she (D) neither is she

19. There ____ a lot of green farms around here, but now there is nothing left.

- (A) is used to have (B) is used to be
- (C) used to have (D) used to be

20. I had to keep an eye on my baby sister, and ____.

- (A) so had Mary (B) Mary did, too
- (C) so has Mary (D) Mary hadn't, either

21. Mom, I have to go to work earlier tomorrow morning. Can you _____ at 5:30?
 (A) wake up me (B) wake me up (C) get up me (D) get me up
- 22 Where are my glasses? Can you _____ them for me?
 (A) find out (B) check out (C) look for (D) pick up
- 23 Some people like to go swimming every morning, but _____ don't.
 (A) several (B) another (C) the others (D) others
- 24 The pizza is so delicious. May I have _____ piece?
 (A) the other (B) another (C) it (D) other
- 25 Mom, I can only find one glove on the desk. Have you seen _____ one? It's so cold outside and I have to put them on.
 (A) another (B) the other (C) other (D) others

二、克漏字選擇：40分(每題2分)

Lisa: Hey, Amy! Where are you going?
 Amy: I'm going to the school library.
 Lisa: 26. I am going to study for my English test.
 What about you?
 Amy: Me too. I 27. hate studying, but I've changed.
 Lisa: Maybe we can study together and help each other.
 I don't like to study alone.
 Amy: 28 Can you teach me English grammar (文法)?
 I have never figured it out (弄懂).
 Lisa: No problem. I usually take notes (做筆記) in class and
 review (複習) them before tests. They help me a lot. 29
 Amy: Thank you. But I am still afraid that I will fail the test.
 Lisa: Don't worry. You can pass it this time 30. you study
 English every day.

26. (A) So am I. (B) Neither have I. (C) I can't, either. (D) I do, too.
27. (A) was going to (B) had to (C) used to (D) should
28. (A) Neither did he. (B) Neither do I.
 (C) It wasn't, either. (D) So are you.
29. (A) Here we are. (B) Here he is.
 (C) Here they are. (D) Here comes the teacher.
30. (A) before (B) until (C) as soon as (D) as long as

Linda: Grandma, what are you doing?
 Grandma: These old photos make me think of the days when
 your grandpa studied abroad.
 Linda: You had 31 Skype 31 Facebook at that time.
 How did you two keep in touch?
 Grandma: Making international (國際的) phone calls 32
 very expensive then, so your grandpa wrote letters to
 me every week. Look! I still keep all his letters in my
 drawer.
 Linda: May I have a look at these letters?
 Grandma: Of course. Here 33.
 Linda: Let me see. "I'll do everything to make you happy. 34

I finish my study in America, please marry (結婚) me and
 be my wife!" Wow! Grandpa was so romantic.

Grandma: He was. We 35 together for almost five years
 before he studied in the USA. We got married after he
 came back from America.

Linda: How romantic (浪漫的)! I wish I could meet someone
 like Grandpa.

Grandma: Ha. Ha. You will find your Mr. Right one day, my
 dear!

31. (A) neither; nor (B) either; or (C) both; and (D) not only; but
32. (A) is (B) will be (C) was (D) have been
33. (A) is it (B) we are (C) are you (D) they are
34. (A) Because of (B) As soon as (C) Instead (D) For example
35. (A) has been (B) are (C) had been (D) would be

Linda: There will be a day off tomorrow because of the coming
 typhoon. Please help 36 the news.
 Kelly: I will 37 the Line App.
 Linda: Thanks. I think I will make good use of it to clean my
 house.
 Kelly: Come on! The rain and wind from the typhoon will 38
 your house dirty. No one cleans up the house on a typhoon
 day. By the way, whose cellphone is it?
 Linda: I don't know. I found it on the way to the office. Wait, it's
 ringing.
 (Two minutes later)
 Linda: I am going to 39 the owner. And he asked me if I
 asked for a reward 40.
 Kelly: What did you say?
 Linda: I asked him to be a volunteer with me for a day in a
 charity. Then, he agreed to go with me. He appeared
 happy.
 Kelly: Why?
 Linda: Because he is used to doing it.
 Kelly: Wow! The world will be better because of you two.

36. (A) pass on (B) care about (C) put out (D) put on
37. (A) post on it (B) post it on (C) it post on (D) post on
38. (A) help (B) put (C) pack (D) make
39. (A) put it back to (B) give it back to
 (C) take it away for (D) put it off for
40. (A) in this way (B) after all (C) in the example (D) in return

Today, the way people 41 one another is quite
 different from before. We can use the Internet to chat online,
 send messages, make online calls or video calls to 42.
43, we even meet new friends online. 44 you
 have the Net, you can talk to or even see the one you miss 45
 a second. Although it's convenient, we find people talk less face
 to face. When we enjoy the convenience that technology brings,
 don't forget to spend time with people who you love, and of
 course, not online, but in real life.

41. (A) contact (B) raise (C) invent (D) drown
42. (A) another (B) the other (C) each other (D) other
43. (A) For example (B) On top of that (C) Luckily (D) However
44. (A) As soon as (B) Whether (C) Although (D) As long as
45. (A) for (B) at (C) from (D) in

三、閱讀測驗：20分(每題2分)

Ms. Huang is a teacher who teaches her students with her heart. She knows her students better by reading their diaries.

Nick's diary

I hate school because I never get good grades on my tests. I don't want to ask for help because I'm afraid that my classmates might laugh at me.

Emma's diary

I'm too shy to ask questions in class. My teachers thought that I'm not interested in any school subjects, but this is not true. I enjoy learning new things, but I just don't know what to do.

Carl's diary

I'm the only student from Japan. Sometimes, Peter would knock me on my head when he saw me. I wanted to report it to the teacher, but I'm afraid that he would hurt me.

Amy's diary

My mom moved out the apartment on Sunday. Dad stayed long hours in his office. I'm always alone when I get home from school. Dad asked me if I would like to stay with him this morning. I was speechless.

46. Ms. Huang is a teacher _____.
(A) with a broken heart
(B) who cares about her students
(C) who sets her heart on learning
(D) that has hard time dealing with her own feelings
47. What kind of problem does Amy face?
(A) Family problems. (B) Bullying.
(C) Making friends. (D) Getting up early.
48. Carl is facing a problem of _____.
(A) money (B) apartments (C) grades (D) bullying
49. Did Carl tell his teacher about Peter?
(A) Twice already. (B) No, he didn't.
(C) Yes, he did. (D) He had told his parents about it.
50. Which is true?
(A) Ms. Huang makes herself keep a diary.
(B) Emma isn't a hard-working student.
(C) Students used their diaries as an outlet (出口) for their problems in life.
(D) All of Ms. Huang's students hate to keep a diary.

Italy (義大利) is a wonderful country to visit. There are many beautiful cities there, like Rome, Florence, Naples, and Venice. Italian people are very kind and friendly. If you need any help, they will try to help you even though they don't speak English.

Rome is the capital (首都) of Italy. It has one of the most famous buildings—the Colosseum (古羅馬競技場). The people in it used to fight each other to make the audience (觀眾) happy. Fighting was a very popular sport although people often died during the fights. The city of Florence is many visitors' favorite. Walking along the Arno River, looking at the beautiful buildings, and enjoying the art are what you should do there.

Finally, the food in Italy is delicious. You must try some pizza or spaghetti. Besides, the best thing in Italy is the ice cream. You shouldn't miss it.

51. Where is the Colosseum?
(A) In Rome. (B) In Florence. (C) In Naples. (D) In Venice.
52. Which is NOT true?
(A) Fighting was once a popular sport in Rome.
(B) Many visitors like the city of Florence the best.
(C) The writer thinks the most delicious food in Italy is ice cream.
(D) Italian people who don't speak English can't give visitors any help.
- Have you ever seen the movie—You Are the Apple of My Eye?
- In Taiwan, most people have read the novels (小說) written by Giddens Ko. He writes not only love stories but also horror (恐怖) and science fiction (科幻) novels. His books are popular with teenagers.
- In fact, his talent didn't bring him success (成功) at first. He put his stories online, and many readers loved his stories. However, when he wanted to sell them, no publishers (出版社) were interested in his stories. At the same time, his mom was sick and stayed in the hospital. Giddens Ko had to take care of his mom in the hospital, but he used the time to write. He wrote 5000 words a day and finished many novels, which made him become famous later. However, being a successful writer wasn't enough for him. He tried to turn one of his novels into a movie, and he made it. The movie, You Are the Apple of My Eye, was very popular with people. His success comes from his motto (座右銘), "Life is an endless (無止盡的) fight."
53. According to the reading, what kind of works DIDN'T Giddens Ko make?
(A) Love stories. (B) Science fiction novels.
(C) Horror novels. (D) Comic strips.
54. What DIDN'T Giddens Ko do when his mom stayed in the hospital?
(A) Take care of his mom. (B) Write stories.
(C) Make a movie. (D) Use his time well.
55. What may Giddens Ko's motto "Life is an endless fight" mean?
(A) We don't have to worry about our future.
(B) We should take our problems seriously.
(C) We have to fight with bad guys in our lives.
(D) We must work hard to deal with our problems.